

EXCELL CAREER INDIA
Books and Authors

1. Who is known as Grand old man of India
 - a. Mahatma Gandhi
 - b. Dada Bhai Naoroji
 - c. Rabindra Nath Tagore
 - d. C. Raj Gopalchari

2. Who is known as "Gurudev"
 - a. M. G. Ranade
 - b. Abaindra Nath Tagore
 - c. Rabindra Nath Tagore
 - d. C. F. Andrews

3. Which of the following rulers was known as "Lakh Baksha" for his generosity
 - a. Akbar
 - b. Mohammad Tughlaq
 - c. Sher Shah Suri
 - d. Qutub-ud-din Aibak

4. Which of the following rulers is remembered as "Indian Napoleon"
 - a. Chandra Gupta Maurya
 - b. Mohammad Ghouri
 - c. Ashoka
 - d. Samudra Gupta

5. Which of the following is known as "Deen bandhu"
 - a. C. F. Andrews
 - b. M. S. Gowalkar
 - c. Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan
 - d. Chitta Ranjan Das

6. Which of the following is correct about Akbar
 1. He was a great statesman
 2. He followed a policy of Reconciliation with Hindus
 3. Mughal painting reached its pinnacle during his reign
 4. He introduced the universal religion "Din-i-Illahi"
 5. He built "Humayun's tomb"

- a. 1,3, 4 and 5
- b. 1, 2, 4 and 5
- c. 2, 3, 4 and 5
- d. All of the above

7. Match the following:

A- Abaindra Nath Tagore	1. Dramatics
B- Charaka	2. Mathematician
C- Bhava Bhuti	3. Art
D- Sri Niwas Ramanujan	4. Medicine

a	A-4, B-2, C-3, D-1
b	A-4, B-2, C-1, D-3
c	A-4, B-1, C-2, D-3
d	A-3, B-4, C-1, D-2

8. Which ruler of the Gupta dynasty is known to play "veena"

- a. Samudra Gupta
- b. Chandra Gupta Vikramaditya
- c. Skand Gupta
- d. Ashoka

9. Match the following:

A- Mahamana	1. Lal Bahadur Shastri
B- Man of Iron	2. Pandit Madan Mohan Malviya
C- Man of Peace	3. C. N. Annadurai
D- Anna	4. Sardar Vallabh Bhai patel

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10. In Maha Bharat who was known as Bhishma Pitamah

- a. Devvrata
- b. Pandu
- c. Yudishtra
- d. Devratana

Historical Personalities

11 Who is known as Grand old man of India

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- b. Pandu
- c. Yudishtra
- d. Devratana

Diseases

21. Which disease will be caused by the deficiency of Vitamin D

- a. Beri Beri
- b. Rickets
- c. Scurvy
- d. Diptheria

22. Government of India's Pulse Polio Programme is aimed at children below

- a. 1 year
- b. 3 year
- c. 5 years
- d. 7 years

23. DOTS is a treatment for which disease

- a. TB
- b. Leprosy
- c. Asthma
- d. Pneumonia

24. Which disease is related to throat

- a. Diptheria
- b. Goitre
- c. Mumps
- d. Scurvy

25. The disease Nematode affects

- a. Wheat
- b. Tomato
- c. Rice
- d. Mango

26. Which of the following are sexually transmitted diseases

1. AIDS 2. Mumps 3. Gonorrhoea
4. Tick fever 5. Anthrax 6. Syphilis

- a. 1, 2, 4 and 6
- b. 1, 3, 4 and 6
- c. 1, 3 and 6
- d. 1, 2, 3 and 6

27. Which of the following diseases is a result of Poverty and living in dirty slums

- a. Mumps
- b. Kala-Azar
- c. Rickets
- d. Typhus

28. Which of the following diseases affects animals

- 1. Anthrax 2. Fowl Pox 3. Blue tongue
- 4. Rickets 5. Tick fever

- a. 1, 2, 3 and 5
- b. 1, 2, 4 and 5
- c. 2, 3 and 5
- d. All of the above

29. American yellow fever is caused by

- a. Tsetse fly
- b. Deficiency of proteins
- c. Culex mosquito
- d. A Bacteria

30. Which disease is related to throat

- a. Goitre
- b. Diphtheria
- c. Scurvy
- d. Mumps

Scientific Equipments

31. Which equipment is used to measure high temperature remotely

- a. Thermocouple
- b. Pyrometer
- c. Thermocouple
- d. thermometer

32. Which equipment is used for measuring Earth Quake intensity

- a. Radar
- b. Pyrometer
- c. Richter scale
- d. Seismometer

33. Match the following:

A- Crescograph	1. Angle of an object
B- Lactometer	2. Growth of plants
C- Theodolite	3. Electric current
D- Ammeter	4. Purity of Milk

a	A-4, B-2, C-3, D-1
b	A-2, B-2, C-1, D-3
c	A-4, B-1, C-2, D-3
d	A-2, B-4, C-1, D-3

34. Which equipment is used to measure angle between two objects

- a. Sextant
- b. Plain Table
- c. Quadrant
- d. Chronometer

35. Which equipment is used on ships to measure time based on the longitude

- a. Quadrant
- b. Chronometer
- c. Potentiometer
- d. Sextant

36. Which equipment is used to measure the discharge of a stream

- a. Venturiflame
- b. Sedimentation tank
- c. Reynold Equipment
- d. Gravity pump

37. Which of the following tests can be used to measure residual chlorine in water

- 1. D.O. Test 2. Orthotolidine test
- D.P.D Test 4. Chlorotex test
- 5. Starch iodide test 6. Aeration test

- a. 1, 2, 3, and 6
- b. 2, 4, 5 and 6
- c. 2, 3, 4 and 5
- d. All of the above

38. Which equipment is used to check the Soundness of the cement

- a. Vicat apparatus
- b. sieve test
- c. Permeability apparatus
- d. Le Chatelier apparatus

39. Which of the following test is used to measure the bearing capacity of the soil

- a. Consistency test
- b. Open end test
- c. Plate load test
- d. Cohesion test

40. Which equipment is used to measure the rainfall

- a. Rain Guage
- b. Water meter
- c. Isohyte
- d. Venturi flume

Communities

41. Bahutu tribesmen are the inhabitants of

- a. Chile
- b. Burundi
- c. Denmark
- d. Cyprus

42. Maoris belong to which country

- a. Australia
- b. Rwanda
- c. New Zealand
- d. Portugal

43. Which of the following tribes in India practise fraternal polyandry in which several brothers share one wife

- 1. Khasa 2. Santhals 3. Nagas
- 4. Toda 5. Gond

- a. 1 and 4
- b. 1 and 5
- c. 2 and 3
- d. 1, 2 and 5

44. Youth dormitories have been an important institution of Indian tribes. One such youth dormitory named "Dhum Kuria" belongs to which tribe

- a. Nagas
- b. Ho
- c. Todas
- d. Oraon

45. Which of the following tribes are by and large involved in criminal activities

1. Bawari 2. Ho 3. Tagu 4. Beria
5. Kanjar 6. Santhals 7. Mahtan

- a. 1, 3, 4, 6 and 7
- b. 1, 3, 4, 5 and 7
- c. 2, 4, 5, 6 and 7
- d. All of the above

46. Which of the following is primarily a food gathering tribe

- a. Bhils
- b. Todas
- c. chenchu
- d. Oraons

47. "Teikirzi" and "On" are the deities of which tribe

- a. Todas
- b. Oraon
- c. Santhals
- d. Nagas

48. Match the following:

A- Bhotias	1. Madhya Pradesh
B- Kotas	2. Uttaranchal
C- Podu	3. Nilgiri Hills
D- Gond	4. Andhra Pradesh

a	A-4, B-2, C-3, D-1
b	A-2, B-3, C-4, D-1
c	A-4, B-1, C-2, D-3
d	A-2, B-4, C-1, D-3

49. Which of the following tribes practises matriarchi

- a. todas
- b. Bawarias
- c. Ho
- d. Khasis

50. Match the following:

A- Hottentots	1. South Africa
B- Moors	2. South West Africa
C- Zulus	3. North America
D- Red Indians	4. North Africa

a	A-4, B-2, C-3, D-1
b	A-2, B-4, C-1, D-3
c	A-4, B-1, C-2, D-3
d	A-2, B-4, C-1, D-3

Ancient Terminology

51. In the Pala and Pratihara empires the Governor of a province was known as

- a. Grama Mahattara
- b. Uparika
- c. mandala
- d. Pradhana

52. The general assembly of a village under chola rulers was known as

- a. Mandalas
- b. Sabha
- c. Ur
- d. samiti

53. In the medieval India the trade guilds were known as

- a. shrenis
- b. Tasta
- c. Vapta
- d. Vaishyas

54. A school of Hindu philosophy "Advaitavada" was propounded by

- a. Ramanuja
- b. Ramananda
- c. kabir
- d. Sankara

55. What were the military chiefs known as in Vijayanagar empire

- a. Senapati
- b. Palegars
- c. Shrenis
- d. Amil

56. "Tripitakas" are

- a. Religious books of the Buddhists
- b. Religious books of the Jains
- c. Religious books of the Lingayat sect
- d. Religious books of the Advaitavada

57. Amongst the Rig vedic Aryans "Nivi" was

- a. Arable land
- b. Grass land
- c. A festival
- d. An undergarment

58. The district officer in Chandra Gupta Maurya's time was known as

- a. Gopa
- b. Sthanik
- c. Kumara
- d. Amatyas

59. What occupational group was known as "nisada" during the Rig Vedic period

- a. Potter
- b. Barber
- c. Sweeper
- d. Fisher Man

60. Match the following:

A- Diwan-i-Arz	1. Turkish Nobles
B- Chahalgani	2. Military Department
C- Ulama	3. District

D- Iqtas	4. Theologians
a	A-4, B-2, C-3, D-1
b	A-2, B-1, C-4, D-3
c	A-4, B-1, C-2, D-3
d	A-2, B-4, C-1, D-3

Nobel Prize

61. Who was the first Indian to receive a Nobel prize

- a. C. V. Raman
- b. Rabindra Nath Tagore
- c. S. Chandrasekhar
- d. Hargobind Khurana

62. Nobel prize is awarded for distinguished achievement in the following six fields

- 1. Peace 2. Literature 3. Economics
- 4. Physics 5. Chemistry 6. Medicine

Initially it was awarded only in 5 fields. Which one has been added later

- a. 1
- b. 2
- c. 3
- d. 5

63. When were the Nobel prizes given for the first time

- a. 1900
- b. 1899
- c. 1902
- d. 1901

64. What is the nationality of Dr. Alfred Nobel, after whom the Nobel prizes are awarded

- a. Sweedish
- b. British
- c. Russian
- d. French

65. Match the following:

A- Rabindra nath Tagore	1. Physics
B- Hargobind Khurana	2. Literature

C- Mother Teresa	3. Medicine
D- S. Chandrasekhar	4. Peace

a	A-4, B-2, C-3, D-1
b	A-2, B-1, C-4, D-3
c	A-2, B-3, C-4, D-1
d	A-2, B-4, C-1, D-3

66. In which month the Nobel prizes are announced each year

- a. October
- b. December
- c. January
- d. April

67. Who has won the Nobel Prize in Literature in the year 2004

- a. Aaron Ciechanover
- b. Frank Wilczek
- c. Elfriede Jelinek
- d. David J. Gross

68. Who has won the Nobel Prize for Peace in 2004

- a. Wangari Maathai
- b. Avram Hershko
- c. Aaron Ciechanover
- d. Richard Axel

69. When was the Nobel Foundation established

- a. 1899
- b. 1900
- c. 1901
- d. 1900

70. Which of the following have received Nobel Peace Prize

1. Wangari Maathai 2. Jimmy Carter 3. Aung San Suu Kyi 4. Mother Teresa 5. Yaseer Arafat 6. Mikhail Gorbachov

- a. 1, 3, 4, 5 and 6
- b. 1, 2, 4, 5 and 6
- c. 1, 3, 4, 5 and 6
- d. All of the above

Simple Mathematics

71. A natural number is halved when reduced by thirteen. Find that number

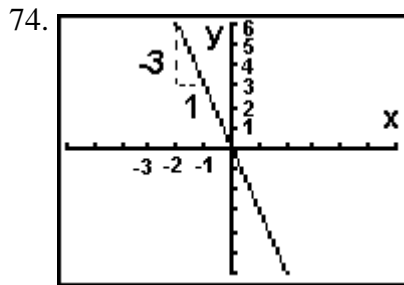
- a. 14
- b. 39
- c. 26
- d. 48

72. Twice a negative integer is eight less than its square. Find that number

- a. -2
- b. -3
- c. 4
- d. -4

73. The sum of the square of a negative integer and its reciprocal is 0. Find that number

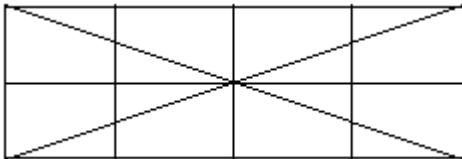
- a. 0
- b. -1
- c. 2
- d. -2



In the above graph what is the relation between y and x

- a. $y = 1/3x$
- b. $y = -3x$
- c. $y = 3x$
- d. $y = -1/3x$

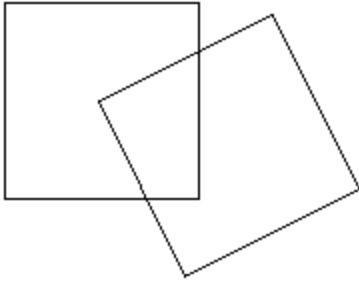
75.



How many triangles are there in this figure

- a. 24
- b. 28
- c. 30
- d. 30

76.



Two squares each of side 20 cm are placed so that the corner of one is in the centre of the other (see the Figure above). Find the area, in cm^2 , by which they overlap

- a. 50 sq cm
- b. 60 sq cm
- c. 80 sq cm
- d. 100 sq cm

77. A toy is for sale at Rs 80 in November. It increases in price by 30% in December. It is reduced by 30% in January. What is its price, in Rs, at the end of January

- a. 72
- b. 72.80
- c. 80
- d. 82

78. Archimedes, Euclid, Newton and Pythagoras all took the same test. The average score of all four candidates was 16. Archimedes and Euclid had an average of 16, Archimedes and Pythagoras had an average of 13 whilst Euclid and Pythagoras had an average of 18. What was Newton's score?

- a. 17
- b. 16
- c. 18
- d. 15

79. A wall is covered by 160 tiles which are $15\text{cm} \times 15\text{cm}$. How many $10\text{cm} \times 10\text{cm}$ tiles are needed to cover the same wall?

- a. 320
- b. 330
- c. 340
- d. 360

80. John thinks of a number, doubles it and adds on 63. The result is the square of the number he first thought of. What was the number he first thought of?

- a. 9
- b. 10
- c. 11
- d. 12

Clock Sequencing

881. It is 0 hr 0 min at present. How many degrees will the minute hand move by the time it is 2 hr 30 min

- a. 720
- b. 900
- c. 880
- d. 450

82. A clock shows the time as 4:00. After hour hand has moved 150 degrees, the time would be

- a. 8:00
- b. 10:00
- c. 7:00
- d. 9:00

83. By how many degrees the hour hand moves in one hour

- a. 30
- b. 15
- c. 60
- d. 90

84. A clock shows 7 O'clock. by how many degrees will the hour hand rotate when the clock shows 11 O'clock

- a. 60
- b. 120
- c. 150
- d. 240

85. When the time in the clock is 3:20 PM. The acute angle between the hour hand and the minute hand is

- a. 15
- b. 10
- c. 18
- d. 20

86. In a period of 3 hr 10 min, the needle hand will move over how many degrees

- a. 1140
- b. 1000
- c. 1180
- d. 1040

87. When the time in the clock is 4:30 PM the acute angle between the hour hand and the minute hand is

- a. 60 degree
- 45 degree
- c. 75 degree
- d. 50 degree

88. A clock shows 3:00. By how many degrees the minute hand will rotate when it is 3 hr 2 min

- a. 15
- b. 2
- c. 20
- d. 12

89. When the time in the clock is 3:30 PM. What is the exterior angle between the hour hand and the minute hand

- a. 285 degree
- b. 75 degree
- c. 315 degree
- d. 15 degree

90. It is 2:00 PM in the clock. By how many degree the hour hand will rotate when it is 2:30 PM.

- a. 30
- b. 45

- c. 15
- d. 10

Let's Dance

91. Which Indian dance is known as "Poetry in motion"

- a. Kathakali
- b. Bharat Natyam
- c. Kuchipudi
- d. Kathak

92. Birju Maharaj is associated with which dance

- a. Kodyattam
- b. Bharat Natyam
- c. Kathak
- d. Kathakali

93. Match the following:

A- Bharat Natyam	1. Andhra Pradesh
B- Kathakali	2. Tamil Nadu
C- Kathak	3. Kerala
D- Kuchipudi	4. Uttar Pradesh

a	A-4, B-2, C-3, D-1
b	A-2, B-1, C-4, D-3
c	A-2, B-3, C-4, D-1
d	A-2, B-4, C-1, D-3

94. Which dance is known as poor man's "Kathakali"

- a. Kuchipudi
- b. Kathak
- c. Kodyattam
- d. Ottan Thullal

95. Rukmini Devi is associated with which dance

- a. Bharat Natyam
- b. Kuchipudi

- c. Kathak
- d. Kodyattam

96. Spear dance is a folk dance of which state

- a. orissa
- b. Assam
- c. manipur
- d. Nagaland

97. Match the following:

A- Tamasha	1. Assam
B- Bihu	2. Maharashtra
C- Giddha	3. Punjab
D- Lota	4. Madhya Pradesh

a	A-4, B-2, C-3, D-1
b	A-2, B-1, C-4, D-3
c	A-2, B-1, C-3, D-4
d	A-2, B-4, C-1, D-3

98. The renowned "Jhaveri sisters" are associated with which dance

- a. Manipuri
- b. Bharat Natyam
- c. kathak
- d. Kathakali

99. Which of the following are renowned dancers of Bharat Natyam

1. Bela Saraswati 2. Rukmini Devi 3. Ram Gopal 4. Vajayanti Mala 5. Yamini Krishnamurthy

- a. 1, 2, 3 and 4
- b. 2, 3, 4 and 5
- c. 1, 3, 4 and 5
- d. All of the above

100. Gotipua is a traditional dance of which state

- a. orissa
- b. Madhya Pradesh
- c. Tamil Nadu
- d. Assam

AWARDS

101. Which is the India's second highest civilian award after Bharat Ratna

- a. Padam Shri
- b. Padam Vibhushan
- c. Arjun Award
- d. Padam Bhushan

102. Which award is given by Council of Scientific and Industrial Research for excellence in any field of science

- a. Aga Khan Award
- b. Nehru Award
- c. Bhatnagar Award
- d. Neerja Bhanot award

103. Which award is given for outstanding contribution to film industry

- a. Dada Saheb Phalke award
- b. Lalit Kala Academy
- c. K. K. Birla award
- d. Tansen Samman

104. "Arts Honour" award is given in which country

- a. USA
- b. Sweden
- c. India
- d. France

105. Which of the following awards are given for extra ordinary contribution towards International peace

1. Jawahar Lal nehru award for International understanding
2. Nahum Goldman award
3. U Thant peace award
4. Winston Churchill prize
5. Rea award

- a. 1, 2, 3 and 5
- b. 1, 2, 3 and 4
- c. 1, 3, 4 and 5
- d. All of the above

106. Which of the following awards are associated with films

1. Oscar award 2. Grammy award 3. Golden globe award 4. People's choice award 5. Caesar award 6. Nahum goldman award

- a. 1, 2, 3, and 4
- b. 2, 3, 4 and 5
- c. 1, 3, 4 and 5
- d. All of the above

107. Who is the recipient of the 2005 World sportsman of the year award given by the Laureus World sports academy

- a. Michelle Wie
- b. Michael Schumacher
- c. Layne Beachley
- d. Brian Lara

108. Who is the recipient of the 2004 Booker prize

- a. Alan Hollinghurst
- b. Arundhati Roy
- c. Yann Martel
- d. J.M. Coetzee

109. Which of the following awards is known as Annual Academy awards

- a. Grammy awards
- b. Golden globe awards
- c. Oscar awards
- d. IIFA award

110. The Presidential Medal of Freedom, the nation's highest civilian award is given by which country

- a. UK
- b. India
- c. Canada
- d. USA

Ascending/Descending order

111. Maha Vir Chakra 2. Param Vir Chakra 3. Ashok Chakra 4. Vir Chakra

- a. 3, 4, 1 and 2
- b. 1, 2, 3 and 4

- c. 3, 4, 2 and 1
- d. 4, 3, 2 and 1

112. Arrange the following mountain peaks in the increasing order of their heights

1. Mount Everest 2. Kanchenjunga 3. Dhaulagiri 4. K 2

- a. 2, 3, 4 and 1
- b. 4, 3, 2 and 1
- c. 3, 2, 4 and 1
- d. 2, 4, 3 and 1

113. Arrange the following states in the increasing order of their area

1. Nagaland 2. Mizoram 3. Maharashtra 4. Gujrat 5. Madhya Pradesh

- a. 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5
- b. 2, 1, 4, 3 and 5
- c. 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5
- d. 1, 2, 4, 3 and 5

114. Arrange the following states in the increasing order of their size of legislative assembly

1. Mizoram 2. Himachal Pradesh 3. Madhya Pradesh 4. Andhra Pradesh 5. Gujrat

- a. 1, 2, 5, 4 and 3
- b. 2, 1, 5, 4 and 3
- c. 1, 2, 4, 5 and 3
- d. 2, 1, 4, 5 and 3

115. Arrange the following states in the increasing order of their representation in Lok Sabha

1. Karnataka 2. Punjab 3. Tamil nadu 4. Uttar Pradesh 5. Maharashtra

- a. 1, 2, 3, 5 and 4
- b. 2, 1, 3, 5 and 4
- c. 2, 1, 5, 3 and 4
- d. 1, 2, 3, 5 and 4

116. Arrange the following states in the increasing order of their population density

1. Himachal Pradesh 2. Karnataka 3. Kerala 4. Mizoram 5. Punjab

- a. 1, 4, 2, 5 and 3
- b. 4, 1, 2, 5 and 3
- c. 1, 4, 2, 3 and 5
- d. 4, 1, 2, 5 and 3

117. Arrange the following commissioned ranks of Army in their ascending order

1. Colonel 2. Lt. General 3. Major General 4. Brigadier 5. Major

- a. 5, 1, 4, 3 and 2
- b. 5, 1, 4, 2 and 3
- c. 5, 4, 1, 3 and 2
- d. 5, 4, 1, 2 and 3

118. Arrange the following commissioned ranks of Navy in their increasing order

1. Captain 2. Commodore 3. Commander 4. Vice Admiral 5. Rear Admiral

- a. 1, 3, 2, 5 and 4
- 3, 1, 5, 2 and 4
- c. 3, 1, 2, 5 and 4
- 4, 1, 3, 5, 2 and 4

119. Arrange the following commissioned ranks of Air Force in their increasing order

1. Wing commander 2. Squadron Leader 3. Air Vice Marshall 4. Group Captain 5. Air commodore

- a. 3, 1, 2, 5 and 4
- 3, 1, 5, 2 and 4
- c. 2, 1, 4, 5 and 4
- d. 2, 1, 4, 5 and 3

120. Arrange the following planets in the increasing order of their distance from the sun

1. Earth 2. Pluto 3. Venus 4. Mercury 5. Saturn 6. uranus

- a. 4, 3, 1, 5, 6 and 2
- b. 4, 1, 3, 6, 5 and 2
- c. 3, 4, 1, 5, 6 and 2
- d. 3, 4, 1, 5, 6 and 2

Sports

121. Match the following:

A- Aga Khan cup	1. Cricket
B- Rovers cup	2. Football
C- Wellington Trophy	3. Hockey
D- Irani cup	4. Rowing cup

a	A-4, B-3, C-2, D-1
b	A-3, B-2, C-4, D-1
c	A-2, B-1, C-4, D-3
d	A-2, B-4, C-1, D-3

122. The next World cup cricket is to be held in which year

- a. 2006
- b. 2009
- c. 2007
- d. 2009

123. Match the following:

A- Pitcher	1. Boxing
B- Knockdown cup	2. Golf
C- Tee	3. Baseball
D- Booster	4. Volleyball

a	A-4, B-3, C-2, D-1
b	A-3, B-2, C-4, D-1
c	A-2, B-1, C-4, D-3
d	A-3, B-1, C-2, D-4

124. Match the following:

A- Jockey	1. Billiards
B- Caddie	2. Horse Race
C- smash	3. Badminton
D- Cannon	4. Golf

a	A-4, B-3, C-2, D-1
b	A-3, B-2, C-4, D-1
c	A-2, B-4, C-3, D-1
d	A-2, B-4, C-1, D-3

125. Match the following:

A- Game	1. No. of Players on each side
A- Base ball	1. 7
B- Water Polo	2. 9
C- Hockey	3. 11

D- Polo	4. 4
a	A-4, B-3, C-2, D-1
b	A-3, B-2, C-4, D-1
c	A-2, B-1, C-3, D-4
d	A-2, B-4, C-1, D-3

126. Who has written the book "The art of fast bowling"

- a. Dennis Lillie
- b. Kapil Dev
- c. Andie roberts
- d.

127. Match the following:

A- India	1. Cricket
B- USA	2. Hockey
C- spain	3. Base ball
D- Australia	4. Bull fighting
a	A-4, B-3, C-2, D-1
b	A-2, B-3, C-4, D-1
c	A-2, B-4, C-3, D-1
d	A-2, B-4, C-1, D-3

128. Match the following:

A- Lord Oval	1. Tennis
B- Wimbeldon	2. Cricket
C- Hurlingham	3. Polo
D- Eden Garden	4. Hockey
a	A-2, B-1, C-3, D-2
b	A-3, B-2, C-4, D-1
c	A-2, B-4, C-3, D-1
d	A-2, B-4, C-1, D-3

129. Match the following:

A- Olympic Games	1. Place
A- 2004	1. Atlanta
B- 2000	2. Barcelona

C- 1996	3. Sysney
D- 1992	4. Athens
a	A-4, B-3, C-1, D-2
b	A-4, B-2, C-4, D-1
c	A-2, B-1, C-3, D-4
d	A-2, B-4, C-1, D-3

130. The next ICC Champion's trophy is to be held in the year

- a. 2007
- b. 2008
- c. 2006
- d. 2009

Chronological order

131. Arrange the following rulers in the chronological order of their succession to the throne

1. Raziya Sultan 2. Balban 3. Qutub-ud-din-Aibak 4. Iltutmish

- a. 4, 3, 2 and 1
- b. 3, 4, 1 and 2
- c. 3, 4, 2 and 1
- d. 2, 3, 4 and 1

132. Arrange the following in the chronological order of their occurrence

1. Birth of Gautam Buddha 2. Birth of Mahavira 3. Conquest of Kalinga by Ashoka 4. Visit of Megasthenese to India 5. Visit of Hieun-tsang to India 6. Visit of Fa-hein to India

- a. 1, 2, 4, 3, 6 and 5
- b. 2, 1, 4, 3, 6 and 5
- c. 1, 2, 3, 4, 6 and 5
- d. 2, 1, 3, 4, 5 and 6

133. Arrange the following Presidents of India in the chronological order they assumed the office

1. V. V. Giri 2. R. Venkata Raman 3. Gyani Zail Singh 4. Neelam Sanjeeva Reddy 5. Dr. S. Radha Krishnan 6. Fakhruddin Ali Ahmad

- a. 5, 1, 4, 6, 3 and 2
- b. 5, 1, 6, 4, 2 and 3
- c. 1, 5, 6, 4, 3 and 2
- d. 5, 1, 6, 4, 3 and 2

134. Arrange the following Indian space crafts in the chronological order they were launched

1. INSAT 1 A 2. Apple 3. Bhaskar 1 4. Aryabhatt 5. Rohini 1 6. SLV-D2 7. INSAT 1B

- a. 4, 3, 5, 1, 2, 6 and 7
- b. 3, 4, 5, 1, 2, 6 and 7
- c. 4, 3, 2, 5, 1, 6 and 7
- d. 4, 3, 5, 2, 1, 6 and 7

135. Arrange the following Atomic power plants in the chronological order they were set up

1. Narora 2. Tarapore 3. Rana Pratap Sagar 4. Kalapakkam

- a. 3, 2, 4 and 1
- b. 2, 3, 4 and 1
- c. 2, 3, 1 and 4
- d. 1, 2, 4 and 3

136. Arrange the following inventions in the chronological order they were invented

1. Revolver 2. Gramophone 3. Atomic Bomb 4. Aeroplane 5. Electric Bulb

- a. 1, 5, 2, 4 and 3
- b. 5, 1, 2, 4 and 3
- c. 1, 5, 4, 2 and 3
- d. 2, 1, 5, 3 and 4

137. Arrange the following British Governor Generals in the order they assumed office

1. Lord Wavell 2. Lord Chelmsford 3. Lord Curzon 4. Lord Hardinge 5. Lord Cornwallis 6. Lord William Bentick

- a. 5, 6, 4, 3, 2 and 1
- b. 5, 6, 2, 3, 1 and 4
- c. 5, 6, 3, 4, 2 and 1
- d. 6, 5, 3, 4, 2 and 1

138. Arrange the following events in the chronological order

1. Pitts India Act 2. Vernacular Press Act 3. Permanent settlement of Bengal 4. Indian universities Act 5. First factory Act of India

- a. 2, 4, 1, 3 and 5
- b. 4, 2, 1, 3 and 5
- c. 2, 4, 3, 1 and 5
- d. 1, 2, 4, 3 and 5

139. Arrange the following events during the tenure of Lord Irwin in chronological order

1. Dandi March 2. INC resolution for complete Independence 3. Visit of Simon commission to India 4. Gandhi-Irwin Pact 5. Round table conference in London

- a. 3, 2, 1, 5 and 4
- b. 2, 3, 1, 5 and 4
- c. 3, 2, 5, 1 and 4
- d. 2, 3, 5, 1 and 4

140. Arrange the following battles in their chronological order they were fought

1. First Battle of Panipat 2. Attack of Mahmud Ghazni 3. Battle of Haldi Ghati 4. Battle of Buxar 5. First Battle of Tarain 6. Battle of Plassey

- a. 5, 2, 1, 4, 3 and 6
- b. 2, 5, 3, 1 6 and 4
- c. 2, 5, 1, 6, 3 and 4
- d. 2, 5, 1, 3, 6 and 4

Match the following

141. Match the following:

A- Vitamin B	1. Calciferol
B- Vitamin C	2. Nicotonic Acid
C- Vitamin D	3. Tocopherol
D- Vitamin E	4. Ascorbic Acid

a	A-4, B-2, C-3, D-1
b	A-2, B-4, C-1, D-3
c	A-4, B-1, C-2, D-3
d	A-2, B-4, C-1, D-3

142. Match the following:

A- Mir-i-Saman	1. Distribution of pay to soldiers
B- Muhtasib	2. House hold affairs
C- Mir Bakshi	3. Religious expenses
D- Sadr-us-Sadr	4. Censor of public morale

a	A-4, B-2, C-3, D-1
b	A-2, B-1, C-1, D-3
c	A-2, B-4, C-1, D-3
d	A-3, B-4, C-2, D-1

143. Match the following:

A- Panchatantra	1. Bankim Chandra Chatterji
B- Shakuntala	2. Kali Das
C- Gita Rahaysya	3. Bal Gangadhar Tilak
D- Anand Math	4. Vishnu sharma

a	A-4, B-2, C-3, D-1
b	A-4, B-2, C-1, D-3
c	A-4, B-1, C-2, D-3
d	A-3, B-2, C-1, D-4

144. Match the following:

A- Crescograph	1. Angle of an object
B- Lactometer	2. Growth of plants
C- Theodolite	3. Electric current
D- Ammeter	4. Purity of Milk

a	A-4, B-2, C-3, D-1
b	A-2, B-2, C-1, D-3
c	A-4, B-1, C-2, D-3
d	A-2, B-4, C-1, D-3

145. Match the following:

A- Bhotias	1. Madhya Pradesh
B- Kotas	2. Uttaranchal
C- Podu	3. Nilgiri Hills
D- Gond	4. Andhra Pradesh

a	A-4, B-2, C-3, D-1
b	A-2, B-3, C-4, D-1
c	A-4, B-1, C-2, D-3
d	A-2, B-4, C-1, D-3

146. Match the following:

A- Bharat Natyam	1. Andhra Pradesh
B- Kathakali	2. Tamil Nadu
C- Kathak	3. Kerala
D- Kuchipudi	4. Uttar Pradesh

a	A-4, B-2, C-3, D-1
b	A-2, B-1, C-4, D-3
c	A-2, B-3, C-4, D-1
d	A-2, B-4, C-1, D-3

147. Match the following:

A- Diwan-i-Arz	1. Turkish Nobles
B- Chahalgani	2. Military Department
C- Ulama	3. District
D- Iqtas	4. Theologians

a	A-4, B-2, C-3, D-1
b	A-2, B-1, C-4, D-3
c	A-4, B-1, C-2, D-3
d	A-2, B-4, C-1, D-3

148. Match the following:

A- Dilwara temple	1. Mumbai
B- Elephanta caves	2. Mahabalipuram
C- Rameshwaram temple	3. Mount Abu
D- Seven Pagodas	4. Palk straits

a	A-4, B-2, C-3, D-1
b	A-2, B-2, C-1, D-3
c	A-4, B-1, C-2, D-3
d	A-3, B-1, C-4, D-1

149. Match the following:

A- Battle of Plassey	1. 1526
B- Battle of Buxar	2. 1760
C- Battle of Wandiwash	3. 1764
D- First Battle of Panipat	4. 1757

a	A-4, B-3, C-2, D-1
b	A-4, B-2, C-1, D-3
c	A-3, B-1, C-2, D-3
d	A-3, B-4, C-1, D-2

150. Match the following:

A- Empire city	1. Rome
B- Eternal city	2. Jaipur
C- Pink city	3. Chicago
D- Windy city	4. New York

a	A-4, B-2, C-3, D-1
b	A-2, B-4, C-1, D-3
c	A-4, B-1, C-2, D-3
d	A-3, B-1, C-4, D-2

Temples

151. Meenakshi temple is located in

- a. Madurai
- b. Chennai
- c. Mahabalipuram
- d. Cuttack

152. The place of worship of Zorostrianism is known as

- a. Torah
- b. Protestant Church
- c. Fire temple
- d. Zend Avesta

153. Which temple is known for its famous "Hall of thousand pillars"

- a. Sun temple
- b. Kamakhya temple

- c. Meenakshi temple
- d. Badrinath temple

154. Sun temple is located in

- a. Bhubhneswar
- b. Konark
- c. Nalanda
- d. Madurai

155. Match the following:

A- Dilwara temple	1. Mumbai
B- Elephanta caves	2. Mahabalipuram
C- Rameshwaram temple	3. Mount Abu
D- Seven Pagodas	4. Palk straits
a	A-4, B-2, C-3, D-1
b	A-2, B-2, C-1, D-3
c	A-4, B-1, C-2, D-3
d	A-3, B-1, C-4, D-1

156. The "Angkor Vatt" temple which has been built in Indian style are in which country

- a. Cambodia
- b. Thailand
- c. Vietnam
- d. Myanmar

157. Salim Chisti's tomb which is worshipped by both Hindus and Muslims is located in

- a. Lucknow
- b. Fateh Pur Sikri
- c. Delhi
- d. Aligarh

158. Khajuraho temples were built by

- a. Palas
- b. Pratiharas
- c. Chandelas
- d. Guptas

159. Shatrunjaya hill temples of Palitana is a place of worship of

- a. Jains
- b. Buddhists
- c. Hindus
- d. Sikhs

160. There are four rock cut architectural caves at Badami. Which cave is dedicated to Lord Shiva

- a. cave No.2
- b. Cave No. 3
- c. Cave No. 4
- d. Cave No. 1

Assertion and Reasoning

Take a short test on the questions of assertion and reasoning pattern:

The following 10 questions consist of two statements one labelled the "Assertion A" and the other as "Reasoning R". Examine these two carefully and answer as per the code below:

- a. Both Assertion and Reasoning are true and Reasoning is the correct explanation of the Assertion
- b. Both Assertion and Reasoning are true but reasoning is not the correct explanation of the Assertion
- c. Assertion is correct but the reasoning is false
- d. Assertion is false but the reasoning is true

161. Assertion (A): Deserts are very hot in day and very cold at night

Reasoning (R): Sand is a good absorber of heat. It absorbs heat in day time and becomes hot, at night it radiates heat very fast and becomes cold

162. Assertion (A): The chickens affected by Fowl pox should be isolated from other chickens

Reasoning (R): Fowl pox is a contagious disease

163. Assertion (A): The partition of Bengal by Lord Curzon came into effect on October 16, 1905.

Reasoning (R): The main reason for partition of Bengal was to weaken the patriotism of Bengal

164. Assertion (A): Heart attack occurs when the coronary arteries become narrow or blocked

Reasoning (R): The function of Coronary arteries is to supply fresh blood from heart to the lungs

165. Assertion (A): It is warm on a cloudy night

Reasoning (R): The heat radiated by the earth is absorbed by the clouds

166. Assertion (A): A cyclist leans inwards while negotiating a curve

Reasoning (R): This provides him the centripetal force to negotiate the curve

167. Assertion (A): The ship floats on the surface of the water

Reasoning (R): Its weight is more than the weight of water displaced by it

168. Assertion (A): Raja Ram Mohan Roy founded Brahma Samaj in 1828

Reasoning (R): He was instrumental in getting Sati Pratha removed

169. Assertion (A): There are 206 bones in the adult human body and there are 300 in children

Reasoning (R): As the children grow up some of the bones fuse together

170. Assertion (A): A man will weigh slightly less when the moon is directly overhead

Reasoning (R) This is due to gravitational effect

Religion

171. "Kaivalya" or perfect knowledge is a concept of which religion

- a. Jainism
- b. Buddhism
- c. Advaitism
- d. Hinduism

172. Which religion emphasises on the "Eight fold Path" to salvation

- a. Christianity
- b. Islam
- c. Buddhism
- d. Jainism

173. Attainment of "TriRatna" namely Right intention, Right knowledge and Right conduct has been emphasised in which religion

- a. Hinduism
- b. Buddhism

- c. Christianity
- d. Jainism

174. Which of the following were associated with Bhakti Movement in Maharashtra

- 1. Ramananda 2. Ramanuja 3. Tukarama 4. Ramdas 5. Kabir 6. Namadeva
- a. 3, 4 and 6
- b. 2, 4, and 5
- c. 3, 4 and 5
- d. All of the above

175. Out of the four vedas, the rig veda, the sam veda, the yajur veda and the Atharva veda which veda contains sacrificial hymns

- a. Rig Veda
- b. Sam Veda
- c. Yajur Veda
- d. Atharva Veda

176. Which of the following is true about Buddhism

- 1. It denies the existence of god
- 2. Its language was Pali
- 3. It recommended an eight fold path
- 4. Chandra Gupta Maurya had embraced Buddhism
- 5. Buddhism has the state patronage of Kanishka
- a. 1, 2, 3 and 4
- b. 1, 2, 3, and 5
- c. 2, 3, 4 and 5
- d. All of the above

177. What was the main principle of "Din-i-Ilahi" introduced by Akbar

- a. Universal brotherhood
- b. Belief in Karma
- c. Universal salvation
- d. universal toleration

178. A majority of Indian tribals have faith in spirits. This type of religion is called

- a. Animatism
- b. Animism
- c. Spiritism
- d. Totemism

179. At which of the following locations, the Kumbh Mela is held every 12 years in rotation

1. Haridwar 2. BadriNath 3.KedarNath 4. Prayag 5. Ujjain 6. Gaya 7. puri 8. Nasik

- a. 1, 4, 5 and 8
- 1, 4, 6 and 8
- c. 1, 4, 5 and 7
- d. 4, 5, 6 and 8

180. Rig Vedic Aryans worshipped a number of nature Gods. Which one was considered as the main God

- a. Indra
- b. Surya
- c. Rudra
- d. Varuna

Paintings and Sculptures

181. Which Mughal ruler is credited with laying the foundation of "Mughal school of painting"

- a. Babur
- b. Humayun
- c. Akbar
- d. Jehangir

182. The wall paintings of "Yogimara caves of Ramgarh hills" date back to

- a. 2nd century
- b. 3rd century
- c. 4th century
- d. 5th century

183. The most popular subject of Rajasthani school of painting was

- a. Battle scenes
- b. Radha and Krishna
- c. Shiva and Parvati
- d. Folk lore

184. Which of the following is true about Mughal school of painting

1. Early Mughal rulers did not encourage painting
2. The foundation of Mughal school of painting was laid by Akbar
3. Mughal school of painting reached its pinnacle during the reign of Jehangir
4. Mughal school of painting had traits of Persian and Hindu style of painting

- a. 1, 2 and 3
- b. 2, 3 and 4
- c. 1, 3 and 4
- d. All of the above

185. Raja Ravi Varma, a great painter of 19th century, learnt oil painting from

- a. Rama Swamy
- b. Abaindra Nath Tagore
- c. Theodar Jenson
- d. Rabindra Nath Tagore

186. elephanta caves are dedicated to which God

- a. Lord Shiva
- b. Lord Ganesh
- c. Lord Vishnu
- d. Lord Brahma

187. The main theme of Ajanta cave paintings is
Hindu Gods

- a. Vaishnavism
- b. Nature
- c. Buddhist religious lore

188. There are four rock cut caves in Badami. which cave houses the idol of jain deities

- a. 4th
- b. 2nd
- c. 3rd
- d. 1st

189. The seven Ratha temple at Mahabalipuram was built by

- a. Puleiksen
- b. Narsimhavarman
- c. Siva skanda varman
- d. Harsha Vardhan

190. Which God figures most in the Chola sculptures

- a. Vishnu
- b. Brahma
- c. Surya
- d. Shiva

Historical Administrative Systems

191. Mansabdari system was introduced by

- a. Aurangzeb
- b. Akbar
- c. Qutub-ud-din Aibak
- d. Mohammad Ghori

192. Match the following:

A- Mir-i-Saman	1. Distribution of pay to soldiers
B- Muhtasib	2. House hold affairs
C- Mir Bakshi	3. Religious expenses
D- Sadr-us-Sadr	4. Censor of public morale

a	A-4, B-2, C-3, D-1
b	A-2, B-1, C-1, D-3
c	A-2, B-4, C-1, D-3
d	A-3, B-4, C-2, D-1

193. Chauth system was a feature of

- a. Maratha administration
- b. Mughal administration
- c. Slave dynasty
- d. Rajput administration

194. What was "Sardeshmukhi" in Maratha administration

- a. Tax on Non Marathas
- b. Special priveleges of Ashtapradhan
- c. A lumpsum amount to be paid by Marathas to Aurangzeb
- d. An additionall levy of 10% of the land revenue

195. Doctrine of Lapse was introduced by which Governor General of India

- a. Lord Hardinge
- b. Lord William Bentick
- c. Lord Dalhousie
- d. Lord Auckland

196. Which of the following is true about Permanent settlement of Bengal

- 1. It was introduced by Lord Cornwallis
- 2. Bidding of land each year was done away with
- c. There was permanent assessment of revenue generated through land
- 4. It was beneficial for the peasantry
- 5. It was beneficial for the Zamindars

- a. 1, 3, 4 and 5
- b. 1, 2, 3 and 5
- 1, 2, 3 and 4
- d. All of the above

197. Subsidiary Alliance system was introduced by

- a. Lord Wellesley
- b. Lord Cornwallis
- c. Lord Dalhousie
- d. Lord William Bentick

198. The head of the military department under Delhi Sultanate was known as

- a. Iqtadar
- b. Wazir
- c. sadr
- d. ariz-i-malik

199. Under Delhi Sultanate the country was divided into a number of tracts which were held by military leaders. These tracts were called

- a. Jittals
- b. Iqtas
- c. Jagirs
- d. Khalisa

200. Which ruler introduced the system of "Dagh", the branding of the horses

- a. Alauddin Khilji
- b. Balban

- c. Razia Begum
- d. Aurangzeb

Five year Plans

201. Who is the Chairman of the Planning commission

- a. President
- b. prime Minister
- c. Chair man of finance Commission
- d. finance Minister

202. Which of the following bodies are associated with five year plans

- 1. Planning commission
- 2. Finance commission
- 3. Inter state council
- 4. National Development council

- a. 1 and 2
- b. 2 and 3
- c. 1 and 4
- d. 1 and 2

203. Which area got special emphasis in 2nd five year plan

- a. Industry
- b. Agriculture
- c. Population control
- d. Export

204. Which five year plan for the first time laid emphasis on population control

- a. 2nd
- b. 3rd
- c. 4th
- d. 6th

205. During which five year plan ther was a steep rise in prices and decline inagricultural production

- a. 3rd
- b. 4th
- c. 5th
- d. 6th

206. Which five year plan was ended one year earlier i.e, it ran for 4 years only

- a. 4th
- b. 5th
- c. 6th
- d. 7th

207. Which is the highest decision and policy making body in respect of Planning in India

- a. Planning commission
- b. Inter state Council
- c. Zonal council
- d. National Development council

208. Which five year plan was started 2 year later than its schedule

- a. 7th
- b. 8th
- c. 9th
- d. 10th

209. When was Planning commission set up in India

- a. 1949
- b. 1950
- c. 1951
- d. 1952

210. What is the time frame of 10th five year plan

- a. 2002-2007
- b. 2003-2008
- c. 2004-2009
- d. 2005-2010

Battles

211. Which battle led to the end of French power in India

- a. Battle of Wandiwash
- b. Battle of Plassey
- c. Battle of Buxar
- d. 1st Carnatic War

212. Which battle led to the foundation of Mughal rule in India

- a. First battle of Tarain
- b. Battle of Haldi Ghati
- c. First Battle of Panipat
- d. Invasion of India by Nadir shah

213. Which of the following force/forces fought combinedly against the Marathas in the third battle of Panipat 1. Nawab of Oudh 2. Rohilla chiefs 3. Ahmed Shah Abdali 4. East India company

- a. 1, 2 and 4
- b. 1, 2 and 3
- c. 1, 3 and 4
- d. all of the above

214. Through which battle Akbar ascended the throne

- a. Second Battle of Panipat
- b. First Battle of Panipat
- c. Battle of Haldi Ghati
- d. Third Battle of Panipat

215. Match the following:

A- Battle of Plassey	1. 1526
B- Battle of Buxar	2. 1760
C- Battle of Wandiwash	3. 1764
D- First Battle of Panipat	4. 1757

a	A-4, B-3, C-2, D-1
b	A-4, B-2, C-1, D-3
c	A-3, B-1, C-2, D-3
d	A-3, B-4, C-1, D-2

216. Match the following:

A- First Battle of Tarain	1. 1565
B- Battle of Talikota	2. 1556
C- Battle of Haldighati	3. 1191
D- Second battle of Panipat	4. 1576

a	A-4, B-2, C-3, D-1
b	A-4, B-2, C-1, D-3
c	A-3, B-1, C-4, D-2

d A-3, B-4, C-1, D-2

217. Match the following:

A- Invasion of India by Chengiz Khan	1. 1739
B- Invasion of India by Nadir Shah	2. 1398
C- Invasion of India by Timur Lang	3. 1221
D- Invasion of India by Mahmud of Ghazni	4. 1001

a	A-4, B-2, C-3, D-1
b	A-3, B-1, C-2, D-4
c	A-3, B-1, C-2, D-3
d	A-3, B-4, C-1, D-2

218. Match the following:

A- French Revolution	1. 1815
B- Battle of Water Loo	2. 1805
C- Battle of Trafalgar	3. 1917
D- Russian Revolution	4. 1789

a	A-4, B-1, C-2, D-3
b	A-4, B-2, C-1, D-3
c	A-3, B-1, C-2, D-3
d	A-3, B-4, C-1, D-2

219. Match the following:

A- Khan Bahadur Khan	1. Kanpur
B- Rani Lakshmi Bai	2. Bareilly
C- Nana Sahib	3. Jhansi
D- Kunwar Singh	4. Bihar

a	A-4, B-2, C-3, D-1
b	A-4, B-2, C-1, D-3
c	A-3, B-3, C-2, D-4
d	A-2, B-3, C-1, D-4

220. Which of the following statements is correct about the battle of Tarain

1. First battle of Tarain was fought in the year 1191
2. Prithvi Raj Chauhan defeated Muhammad Ghori

3. Second battle of Tarain was fought in the year 1193
 4. Muhammad Ghori defeated Prithvi Raj Chauhan

- a. 1, 2 and 3
 b. 1, 2 and 4
 c. 2, 3 and 4
 d. all of the above

Observation Days

221. Whose death anniversary is observed as "Maha Parinirvana Diwas" in Maharashtra

- a. Baba Bhim Rao Ambedkar
 b. Namdeva
 c. Tula Ram
 d.

222. Civil Defence day is celebrated in India on

- a. 6th January
 b. 6th February
 c. 6th December
 d. 6th March

223. mathematics day is celebrated on 22nd December in the memory of

- a. Einstein
 b. Ramanujan
 c. Aryabhata
 d. C. V. Raman

224. U. N. O. day is celebrated on

- a. a. 24th July
 b. 24th August
 c. 24th September
 d. 24th October

225. Match the following:

A- Army day	1. 7th December
B- Air Force day	2. 15th January
C- Navy day	3. 4th December
D- Flag day	4. 8th October

a A-4, B-3, C-2, D-1

b A-4, B-2, C-1, D-3

c	A-2, B-1, C-4, D-3
d	A-2, B-4, C-3, D-1

226. World's Environment day is celebrated on

- a. 5th may
- b. 5th June
- c. 5th July
- d. 5th August

227. Which day is observed as martyr's day in India

- a. 31st October
- b. 14th October
- c. January 30th
- d. January 1st

228. Independence day is celebrated in USA on

- a. 15th August
- b. 4th january
- c. 15th July
- d. 4th July

229. International Women's day is celebrated on

- a. 8th February
- b. 8th March
- c. 8th April
- d. 8th March

230. Human Rights day is celebrated on

- a. 10th December
- b. 10th January
- c. 10th February
- d. 10th March

Mountains

231. Which of the follwing mountain ranges is the oldest.

- a. Arawalis
- b. Vindhya

- c. Satpuras
- d. Himalayas

232. The Gosainthan mountain peak lies in which country

- a. Nepal
- b. Pakistan
- c. Tibet
- d. India

233. Match the following:

A- Andes	1. Africa
B- Kilimanjaro	2. South America
C- Elburz	3. East Australia
D- Great dividing range	4. Europe

a	A-4, B-3, C-2, D-1
b	A-4, B-2, C-1, D-3
c	A-2, B-1, C-4, D-3
d	A-2, B-4, C-1, D-2

234. Match the following:

A- Kanchenjunga	1. Tibet
B- Annapurna	2. India
C- Dhaulagiri	3. Nepal
D- Makalu	4. Nepal-Tibet

a	A-2, B-3, C-3, D-4
b	A-2, B-2, C-1, D-3
c	A-3, B-1, C-2, D-3
d	A-3, B-4, C-1, D-2

235. Match the following:

A- Tirich Mir	1. Peru
B- Vilcanota	2. Argentina
C- Mount Cook	3. Pakistan
D- Acongua	4. Argentina

a	A-4, B-3, C-2, D-1
b	A-4, B-2, C-1, D-3

c	A-3, B-1, C-4, D-2
d	A-3, B-4, C-1, D-2

236. Himalayas are which type of mountains

- a. Block
- b. Fold
- c. Volcanic
- d. Residual

237. Which of the following are Volcanic mountains

1. Arawalis 2. Fujiyama 3. Satpura 4. Kilimanjaro 5. Chimborazo 6. Cotopaxi

- a. 1, 5 and 6
- b. 2, 4 and 6
- c. 2, 3 and 5
- d. 2, 5 and 6

238. Match the following:

A- Rockies	1. Block Mountains
B- Fujiyama	2. Fold Mountain
C- Black Forest	3. Residual Mountain
D- Cat skill	4. Volcanic Mountain

a	A-4, B-3, C-2, D-1
b	A-2, B-4, C-1, D-3
c	A-2, B-1, C-2, D-3
d	A-3, B-4, C-1, D-2

239. Match the following:

A- Dharwar system	1. Kashmir
B- Cuddapah System	2. Karnataka
C- Cambrian system	3. Rajasthan
D- Vindhya system	4. Tamil Nadu

a	A-2, B-4, C-1, D-3
b	A-2, B-3, C-1, D-4
c	A-3, B-1, C-2, D-3
d	A-3, B-4, C-1, D-2

240. Siwaliks are also known as

- a. Inner Himalayas
- b. Great Himalayas
- c. Outer Himalayas
- d. lesser Himalayas

Famous Movements

241. Who founded the Indian Home rule society in London which was a centre of revolutionary movement

- a. Lala Hardayal
- b. Shyamji Krishna Varma
- c. Madam Bhikaji
- d. Vir Sawarkar

242. What was the reason for Gandhi's Satyagrah of 1919

- a. To oppose Rowlatt Bills
- b. To denounce Jallianwala Bagh Massacare
- c. To seek remission of land revenue for Khaira cultivation
- d. To restore the Sultan of Turkey as Khalifa of Islam to his pre World War I status

243. Who led the Borsad Satyagraha to oppose the tax imposed by Government for extra policing

- a. Mahatma Gandhi
- b. Acharya Narendra Dev
- c. Acharya Kriplani
- d. Sardar Vallabh Bhai Patel

244. Which of the following were associated with Kakori conspiracy case

1. Ram Prasad Bismill 2. Rajendra Nath Lahori 3. Roshan Singh 4. Chandra Shekhar Azad 5. M. N. Roy 6. Joglekar

- a. 2, 3, 4 and 7
- b. 1, 2, 4, 5 and 6
- c. 1, 2, 3 and 4
- d. All of the above

245. What were the main features of the Gandhiji's Non cooperation movement launched in August 1920

1. Boycott of Legislature
2. Promotion of Swadeshi
3. Boycott of Law court
4. Boycott of educational institutions
5. Boycott of foreign goods

- a. 1, 2, 3 and 5
- b. 2, 3, 4 and 5
- c. 1, 2, 4 and 5
- d. All of the above

246. Which of the following was the leader of the bhoodan Movement

- a. Gandhiji
- b. Sardar Valabh Bhai Patel
- c. Vinoba Bhave
- d. Ram manohar Lohia

247. When was the quit India Movement resolution declared

- a. 8th August 1942
- b. 9th August 1942
- c. 7th August 1942
- d. 10th august 1942

248. Which event led Gandhiji to suspend the Non violent Non Cooperation Movement started in 1920

- a. Jallianwala Bagh Massacre
- b. Promise of British Government to grant greater autonomy
- c. Violence at Cauri Chaura
- d. Lack of support by Indian National congress

249. In which country did Netaji Subhash Chandra Bose first opened the Azad Hind Radio and gave his first broadcast to the nation

- a. Germany
- b. Russia
- c. singapore
- d. japan

250. On which day did Gandhiji break the salt law as a part of his civil disobedience movement

- a. March 11, 1930
- b. March 12, 1930

- c. April 5, 1930
- d. April 6, 1930

Rivers

251. Which of the following are the tributaries of Ganga

1. Ravi 2. Sutlej 3. Ghagra 4. Gandak 5. Kosi 6. Mahanadi 7. Chambal
- a. 3, 4, 5 and 6
 - b. 2, 3, 5 and 6
 - c. 1, 3, 4 and 5
 - d. 3, 4, 5 and 7

252. What is meant by aggrading type of river

- a. A river which is losing its bed due to construction of a dam or barrage upstream
- b. A river which is following a turbulent course especially in the hilly regions
- c. A river which is building up its bed because of excessive sediments entering in it
- d. A river which has a uniform flow through out its course

253. Which of the following are classified as river training works

1. Guide Bank system 2. Groynes 3. Levees 4. Pitched Banks 5. Pitched islands
- a. 1, 2 and 3
 - b. 2, 3 and 5
 - c. 1, 4 and 5
 - d. All of the above

254. Arrange the following rivers from North to South

1. Tapi 2. Narmada 3. Godavari 4. Tungbhadra 5. Cauvery 6. Krishna 7. Krishna
- a. 3, 2, 1, 6, 4 and 5
 - b. 2, 1, 3, 6, 4 and 5
 - c. 1, 2, 3, 6, 4 and 5
 - d. 2, 1, 4, 3, 6 and 5

255. Match the following:

A- Lucknow	1. Tapti
B- Jamshedpur	2. Gomti
C- Nasik	3. Sabarnarekha
D- Surat	4. Godavari

a	A-4, B-3, C-2, D-1
b	A-2, B-3, C-4, D-1
c	A-2, B-1, C-4, D-3
d	A-3, B-4, C-1, D-2

256. Match the following:

A- Thein Dam	1. Krishna
B- Nagarjun Sagar	2. Ganga
C- Hirakud	3. Ravi
D- Farakkha	4. Mahanadi

a	A-4, B-3, C-2, D-1
b	A-4, B-2, C-1, D-3
c	A-3, B-1, C-2, D-3
d	A-3, B-1, C-4, D-2

257. arrange the following rivers in the order from east to west

1. Sind 2. Son 3. Chambal 4. Betwa 5. Luni

- a. 2, 4, 1, 3 and 5
- b. 2, 4, 3, 1 and 5
- c. 2, 4, 5, 1, and 3
- d. 4, 2, 1, 3 and 5

258. Which of the following river rises in the Tibet

- a. chenab
- b. Sutlej
- c. Beas
- d. Ravi

259. Which one of the following is the largest peninsular river

- a. Narmada
- b. Krishna
- c. Cauvery
- d. Godavari

260. Which of the following are the west flowing rivers

1. Godavari 2. Cauvery 3. Krishna 4. Narmada 5. Tapi 6. Mahanadi

- a. 3 and 5
- b. 4 and 5
- c. 1 and 2
- d. 2 and 6

Nutrition

261. Which of the following contains the highest amount of protein

- a. Milk
- b. Ghee
- c. Wheat
- d. Soyabean

262. Match the following:

A- Vitamin B	1. Calciferol
B- Vitamin C	2. Nicotonic Acid
C- Vitamin D	3. Tocopherol
D- Vitamin E	4. Ascorbic Acid

a	A-4, B-2, C-3, D-1
b	A-2, B-4, C-1, D-3
c	A-4, B-1, C-2, D-3
d	A-2, B-4, C-1, D-3

263. Which of the following is the best source of Vitamin C

- a. Papaya
- b. Mango
- c. Orange
- d. Carrot

264. Which of the following is essential for proper digestion of food

- a. Carbohydrate
- b. Vitamins
- c. Roughage
- d. fats

265. The approximate ratio of human body's weight of water to weight of bones is

- a. 70:30
- b. 60:40

c. 50:50
40:60

266. Which of the following is correct about Carbohydrates

1. Carbohydrates are also known as starches and sugars
2. The complex carbohydrate as found in potato rice and pasta is also known as starch
3. The simple carbohydrate as found in cake, candy sodda and fruits is also known as sugar
4. The simple type of carbohydrate will turn to fat if not used by the body by physical activity
5. Both types of carbohydrates are not stored by the body

- a. 1, 2, and 4
- b. 1, 3 and 5
- c. 1, 2, 3 and 4
- d. All of the above

267. Amino acid which is an essential requirement of the body is mainly supplied by

- a. Vitamins
- b. Proteins
- c. Fats
- d. Carbohydrates

268. Which of the following vitamins is instrumental in helping coagulation of blood

- a. Vitamin K
- b. Vitamin C
- c. Vitamin E
- d. Vitamin B 12

269. Match the following:

A- Vitamin B1	1. Regulates Body's metabolic cycle
B- Vitamin A	2. Growth and repair of body tissues
C- Vitamin B2	3. Metabolism of Carbohydrate, fat and protein
D- Vitamin B6	4. Synthesis and break down of Amino acids

a	A-1, B-2, C-3, D-4
b	A-2, B-4, C-1, D-3
c	A-4, B-1, C-2, D-3
d	A-2, B-4, C-1, D-3

270. Match the following:

A- Vitamin B12	1. Reduces the Cholesterol level in the blood
----------------	---

B- Niacinamide	2. DNA and RNA synthesis
C- Choline	3. Controls fat and cholesterol build up in the body
D- Folic acid	4. Formation and regeneration of Red blood cells

a	A-4, B-2, C-3, D-1
b	A-2, B-4, C-1, D-3
c	A-4, B-1, C-3, D-2
d	A-2, B-4, C-1, D-3

Committees and commissions

271. Which commission was appointed to review the issue of Centre-State relations

- a. Sarkaria Commission
- b. P. N. Bhagwati Commission
- c. K. C. Pant Commission
- d. Narsimhan Commission

272. Dhebar Commission is associated with

- a. Banking reforms
- b. Industrial reforms
- c. Tribal welfare
- d. Small scale industry

273. Which of the following Commissions have been associated with educational reforms

1. Hunter Commission 2. Seargent Commission 3. Radha Krishna Commission 4. Venkat Chelliah commission 5. Kothari Commission

- a. 1, 2, 4 and 5
- b. 1, 2, 3 and 5
- c. 2, 3, 4 and 5
- d. 1, 2, 4 and 5

274. Narsimhan Committee is associated with

- a. Insurance reforms
- b. SSI reforms
- c. Health policy reforms
- d. Banking sector reforms

275. Which Commission of enquiry investigated the assassination of Shri Rajiv Gandhi, former Prime Minister of India at Sriperumbudur

- a. Justice Shah Commission
- b. Justice Sharma Commission
- c. Justice M. C. Jain commission
- d. Justice Khosla Commission

276. Justice Thakkar Commission enquired into the assassination of

- a. Indira Gandhi
- b. Mahatma Gandhi
- c. Rajiv Gandhi
- d.

277. Which Commission is enquiring into the Godhra communal violence of 2002

- a. Gupta commission
- b. Varma Commission
- c. Nanavati Commission
- d. jain commisssion

278. Which Commission of enquiry was set up to enquire into the demolition of Ram Janm Bhoomi/Babri structure

- a. Liberhan commission
- b. Chelliah commission
- c. Mukherjee commisssion
- d. Bhagwati Commission

279. Which of the following enquiry commissions have probed into or are probing into the mysterious disappearance of Netaji Subhash Chandra Bose

1. Shah Nawaz 2. Mohan Singh 3. Justice Khosla 4. Justice J. C. Mukherjee

- a. 1, 2 and 3
- b. 2, 3 and 4
- c. 1, 3 and 4
- d. All of the above

280. What is the minimum requirement for becoming the chairperson of National Human Rights Commission

- a. Working Judge of supreme court
- b. Retired Chief justice of Supreme court
- c. Retired judge of supreme court

d. Retired judge of a High court or supreme court

Government Programmes

281. What was the objective of "Lok Jumbish Project" launched in Rajasthan with the assistance of Swedish International Development Agency

- a. To achieve education through people's participation
- b. To achieve self sufficiency in drinking water in drought prone areas of Rajasthan
- c. To develop road network in rural area
- d. To develop innovative land management strategy in rural Rajasthan

282. Pradhan Mantri's Gramodaya Yojna is concerned with

- a. Rural Education
- b. Rural Telecommunication
- c. Rural Electrification
- d. Rural Agricultural development

283. Project Elephant was launched in the year

- a. 1973
- b. 1992
- c. 2003
- d. 2005

284. Which of the following air pollutants are regularly monitored under the National Air Quality Monitoring programme

1. Carbon Monoxide 2. Sulphur Dioxide 3. Lead Oxide 4. Oxides of Nitrogen 5. Suspended Particulate Matter 6. Ozone 7. Respirable Suspended Particulate Matter

- a. 1, 3, 5 and 7
- b. 2, 4, 5 and 6
- c. 1, 2, 4 and 7
- d. 2, 4, 5 and 7

285. Which of the following was the first River Action Plan to be taken up by National River Conservation Directorate

- a. Yamuna Action Plan
- b. Ganga Action Plan
- c. Ghaggar Action Plan
- d. Cauvery Action Plan

286. Which scheme has replaced the Integrated Rural Development Project

- a. Swarna Jayanti Shari Rozgar Yojna
- b. Rashtriya Sam Vikas Yojna
- c. Sampoorna Gramin Rozgar Yojna
- d. Swarna Jayanti Gram Swarozgar Yojna

287. Which of the following programmes caters to the poorest to the poor

- a. Mid day meal scheme
- b. Antyodaya Anna Yojna
- c. Food for work scheme
- d. Anna Purna scheme

288. What is the objective of Vande Mataram scheme

- a. To provide finance to Women Entrepreneurs
- b. To increase female literacy
- c. To reduce maternal mortality
- d. To inculcate nationalism in youth

289. Which of the following schemes have been replaced by the Swarna Jayanti Shahri Rozgar Yojna

- 1. National slum development programmme
- 2. Two million housing programme
- 3. Urban basic services for the poor
- 4. Valmiki Ambedkar Awas Yojna
- 5. Nehru Rozgar Yojna
- 6. Jawahar Rozgar Yojna
- 7. Prime Minister's Integrated urban Poverty eradication programme

- a. 3, 5 and 7
- b. 2, 5 and 7
- c. 1, 3 and 5
- d. 5, 6 and 7

290. What is the objective of the Project "UDISHA"

- a. To provide financial assistance to the old and disabled
- b. To rehabilitate alcoholics
- c. To popularise Science and Technology in rural areas
- d. To provide training to ICDS workers

National Institutes

291. Match the following:

A- Central Building Research Institute	1. Dehradun
B- Indian Institute of Petroleum	2. Kalapakkam
C- National Physical Laboratories	3. Roorkee
D- Indira Gandhi centre for Atomic Research	4. New Delhi

a	A-4, B-2, C-3, D-1
b	A-3, B-1, C-2, D-4
c	A-4, B-1, C-2, D-3
d	A-3, B-1, C-4, D-2

292. Match the following:

A- Central Mining Research station	1. Chennai
B- Central leather Research institute	2. Dhanbad
C- National Aeronautics Laboratory	3. Mysore
D- Central Food Technology Research institute	4. Nagpur

a	A-4, B-2, C-3, D-1
b	A-2, B-1, C-4, D-3
c	A-4, B-1, C-2, D-3
d	A-3, B-1, C-4, D-2

293. Match the following:

A- Structural Engineering Research Centre	1. Lucknow
B- National Geophysical Research Institute	2. Chennai
C- Institute of Medicinal and Aromatic plants	3. Hyderabad
D- Central electrical Engineering Institute	4. Chandigarh

a	A-2, B-1, C-3, D-1
b	A-3, B-1, C-2, D-4
c	A-2, B-3, C-1, D-4
d	A-3, B-1, C-4, D-2

294. Match the following:

A- Industrial Toxicological Research Institute	1. Ahmedabad
B- Institute of Reservoir studies	2. Dehradun

C- Forest Research Institute	3. New Delhi
D- Indian Agricultural Research Institute	4. Lucknow

a	A-4, B-2, C-3, D-1
b	A-3, B-1, C-2, D-4
c	A-4, B-1, C-2, D-3
d	A-3, B-1, C-4, D-2

295. Match the following:

A- All India Institute of Hygiene and Publication	1. Jamnagar
B- Institute of Ayurvedic studies and Research	2. Calcutta
C- National Institute of Communicable Diseases	3. Jadavpur
D- Central Glass and Ceramic Institute	4. Delhi

a	A-2, B-1, C-4, D-3
b	A-3, B-1, C-2, D-4
c	A-4, B-1, C-2, D-3
d	A-3, B-1, C-4, D-2

296. Match the following:

A- Vikram Sarabhai space centre	1. Thumba
B- National Remote sensing agency	2. Mussoorie
C- National Academy of Administration	3. Hyderabad
D- Indian Military Academy	4. Dehradun

a	A-4, B-2, C-3, D-1
b	A-3, B-1, C-2, D-4
c	A-4, B-1, C-2, D-3
d	A-1, B-3, C-2, D-4

297. Match the following:

A- Indian Naval Academy	1. Jodhpur
B- Air Force Flying college	2. Wellington
C- Defence services staff college	3. Agra
D- Paratroopers training college	4. cochin

a	A-4, B-2, C-3, D-1
b	A-3, B-1, C-2, D-4

c	A-4, B-1, C-2, D-3
d	A-3, B-1, C-4, D-2

298. The western Himalayan Mountaineering Institute is located at

- a. Manali
- b. Garhwal
- c. Pune
- d. Dehradun

299. Himalayan Mountaineering Institute is located at

- a. Shimla
- b. Dehradun
- c. Darjeeling
- d. Manali

300. Wadia institute of Himalayan Geology is located at

- a. Garhwal
- b. Mussorie
- c. haridwar
- d. Dehardun

High Offices

301. Which of the following is a qualification for a person to be elected as President of India

1. He must be a citizen of India
2. he must be at least 35 years old
3. He should not be a minister in the union or state.
4. he should not be a governor of any state
5. he must be qualified for election to Lok Sabha

302. Who is the ex-officio chairman of the Rajya Sabha

- a. President of India
- b. Speaker
- c. Prime Minister
- d. Vice President

303. Which of the following is responsible for keeping a vigil on the finances of Union and the States

- a. Finance commission
- b. Comptroller and Auditor General
- c. Finance Minister
- d. Attorney general

304. Match the following:

A- A House committee	1. Library committee
B- A Financial committee	2. committee on privileges
C- A service committee	3. Business Advisory committee
D- An Enquiry committee	4. committee on estimates of Lok Sabha

a	A-4, B-2, C-3, D-1
b	A-4, B-2, C-1, D-3
c	A-3, B-1, C-2, D-3
d	A-3, B-4, C-1, D-2

305. Which of the following is true about the Attorney General Of India

- 1. He is the first law officer of Government of India
- 2. he is a member of the cabinet
- 3. He has the right to speak in both houses of Parliament
- 4. He is appointed by President of India
- 5. He has a right of audience in all the courts

- a. 1, 2, 3 and 4
- b. 1, 2, 4 and 5
- c. 1, 3, 4 and 5
- d. All of the above

306. Which of the following is true about the Estimates committee

- 1. It consists of 30 members
- 2. the members are elected from Lok Sabha and Rajya sabha
- 3. It functions as continuous economy committee
- 4. Its function is to examine annual budget estimate

- a. 1, 3 and 4
- b. 2, 3 and 4
- c. 1, 2 and 3
- d. All of the above

307. Who appoints the Judges of the High court

- a. Chief Justice of the Supreme court
- b. Governor of that state
- c. Chief Justice of that High court
- d. president of India

308. Which of the following is true about the speaker of Lok Sabha

- 1. He is appointed by prime Minister of India
- 2. he presides over the proceedings of the Lok Sabha
- 3. he is the ultimate authority to maintain order in the Lok Sabha
- 4. His conduct in regulating the proceedings in Lok Sabha is beyond the jurisdiction of courts
- 5. All the money bills have endorsements of the speaker
- 6. He presides over the joint sittings of the Lok Sabha and the Rajya Sabha

- a. 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6
- b. 1, 2, 3, 5 and 6
- c. 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6
- d. All of the above

309. Finance commission is appointed by President of India every

- a. 5 years
- b. 6 years
- c. 10 years
- d. 1 year

310. Who is the present Chairperson of National Human Rights Commission

- a. Sri Trilochan Singh
- b. Dr. Girija Vyas
- c. Hon'ble Dr. Justice A.S. Anand
- d. Hon'ble Dr. Justice Shivraj V. Patil

Constitutional Amendments

311. By which constitutional amendment the word "secular" was inserted into the preable

- a. 42nd
- b. 24th
- c. 44th
- d. 63rd

312. The original Constitution had 8 schedules. By which Constitutional amendment the 9th schedule was added to the Constitution

- a. 5th
- b. 42nd
- c. 91st
- d. 1st

313. By which constitutional amendment act, the retirement age of the High court judges was raised from 60 to 62

- a. 1st
- b. 12th
- c. 15th
- d. 20th

314. By which Constitutional amendment act, the proclamation of emergency by the President and Governors was put beyond the jurisdiction of the courts

- a. 31st
- b. 38th
- c. 42nd
- d. 44th

315. By which Constitutional amendment the provision of anti defection law was introduced in the constitution

- a. 35th
- b. 42nd
- c. 52nd
- d. 63rd

316. Which Constitutional amendment provided for the inclusion of 'bodo', 'Dogri', 'Maithili' and santhali into the 8th schedule

- a. 24th
- b. 63rd
- c. 91st
- d. 92nd

317. "Taxes on services" was included in the 7th schedule in Union list as 92C by which Constitutional amendment

- a. 91st
- b. 92nd
- c. 81st
- d. 53rd

318. Which Constitutional amendment act has restricted the number of Ministers including the Prime Minister at Central level and the number of Ministers including the Chief Minister at state level to 15% of the total members of the house

- a. 89th
- b. 90th
- c. 91st
- d. 92nd

319. 91st Constitutional amendment act has restricted the number of Ministers including the Chief Minister at state level to 15% of the total members of the house. However, the number shall not be less than

- a. 12
- b. 15
- c. 18
- d. 20

320. Which Constitutional amendment act is regarded as mini constitution in itself

- a. 38th
- b. 42nd
- c. 44th
- d. 92nd

Organisational Head Quarters

321. Where is the Head Quarter of the International court of Justice located

- a. The Hague
- b. Mew York
- c. Paris
- d. Rome

322. Where is the Head Quarter of Amnesty Internatinal located

- a. New York
- b. Washington
- c. London
- d. Paris

323. Where is the Head Quarter of the International Atomic Energy Agency located

- a. New York
- b. tokyo
- c. Berlin
- d. Vienna

324. Where is the Head Quarter of common Wealth Heads of government meet located

- a. London
- b. Paris
- c. Montreal
- d. Ontario

325. Where is the Head Quarter of International Monetary Fund located

- a. Geneva
- b. Paris
- c. Vienna
- d. Washington

326. Where is the head Quarter of INTERPOL located

- a. Paris
- b. New York
- c. Brussels
- d. London

327. Where is the Head Quarter of Internatinal Red Cross society located

- a. Paris
- b. Moscow
- c. Geneva
- d. New York

328. Where is the Head Quarter of North Atlantic Treaty Organisation located

- a. Washington
- b. Mexican city
- c. New York
- d. Brussels

329. Where is the Head Quarter of South Asian Association for Regional Cooperation located

- a. Karachi
- b. kathmandu
- c. New Delhi
- d. Bangkok

330. Where is the Head Quarter of United Nations International Children's Emergency fund located

- a. Washington
- b. Geneva
- c. New York
- d. Vienna

Historical Monuments

331. Match the following:

A- Kalinjar	1. Kolkata
B- Fort William	2. Delhi
C- puran Quila	3. Chennai
D- Gingee	4. Bundelkhand

a	A-4, B-2, C-3, D-1
b	A-2, B-2, C-1, D-3
c	A-4, B-1, C-2, D-3
d	A-2, B-4, C-1, D-3

332. Match the following:

A- Adilabad	1. Ala-ud-din Khilji
B- Tughlaqabad	2. Prithvi Raj Chauhan
C- Qila Rai Pithora	3. Mohammad bin Tughalq
D- Siri	4. Ghiyas-ud-din Tughlaq

a	A-4, B-2, C-3, D-1
b	A-2, B-2, C-1, D-3
c	A-4, B-1, C-2, D-3
d	A-3, B-4, C-2, D-1

333. Which of the following fort was partly built by Humayun and partly by Sher Shah

- a. Fort of Siri
- b. Puran Quila, Delhi
- c. Red Fort of Delhi
- d. Chunar fort

334. Which of the following monuments are associated with Akbar

1. Red fort 2. Agra Fort 3. Allahabad fort 4. Chunar fort 5. Tomb of Humayun

- a. 1, 2 and 3
- b. 2, 3 and 5
- c. 2, 3 and 4
- d. 1, 3 and 5

335. Which of the Historical monumental buildings are associated with Shah Jahan

1. Taj Mahal 2. Red Fort 3. Agra fort 4. Moti Masjid 5. jama Masjid 6. Diwan-i-khas 7. Chunar fort

- a. 1, 2, 5, 6 and 7
- b. 1, 3, 5, 6 and 7
- c. 1, 2, 4, 5 and 6
- d. 1, 4, 5, 6 and 7

336. The construction of Qutub Minar was started by Qutub-ud-din Aibak and completed by Altamash. Altamash dedicated it to

- a. A sufi saint Khwaja-Mohinuddin Chishti
- b. A sufi saint Qutub-ud-din Bakhtiyar kaki
- c. Qutub-ud-din Aibak
- d. Iltutmish

337. Match the following:

A- Sun temple	1. Bhubaneswar
B- Linga Raj temple	2. udaygiri Hills
C- Jagannath temple	3. Puri
D- Hathigumpha caves	4. Konark

a	A-4, B-2, C-3, D-1
b	A-2, B-2, C-1, D-3
c	A-4, B-1, C-2, D-3
d	A-4, B-1, C-3, D-2

338. Match the following:

A- Jahaz Mahal	1. Nachna
B- Chaturmukha Shiv image	2. Mandu
C- Parshvanatha Jain temple	3. Bhopal
D- Moti Masjid	4. Khajuraho

a	A-4, B-2, C-3, D-1
b	A-2, B-1, C-4, D-3
c	A-4, B-1, C-2, D-3

d A-3, B-4, C-2, D-1

339. Match the following:

A- Arhai-din-ka-Jhonpara	1. Bijapur
B- Atala Masjid	2. Ajmer
C- Rani Sabrai's Mosque	3. Jaunpur
D- Malika Jahan's Mosque	4. Ahmedabad

a	A-4, B-2, C-3, D-1
b	A-2, B-3, C-4, D-1
c	A-4, B-1, C-2, D-3
d	A-3, B-4, C-2, D-1

340. Match the following:

A- Bahubali	1. Khajuraho
B- Ghantai temple	2. Banaskantha
C- Mahavira temple	3. Ranakpur
D- Adinath temple	4. Shravanbelagola

a	A-4, B-1, C-2, D-3
b	A-2, B-2, C-1, D-3
c	A-4, B-1, C-2, D-3
d	A-3, B-4, C-2, D-1

Places

341. Match the following:

A- Ahmedabad	1. Jute
B- Calcutta	2. Rubber
C- Calicut	3. Cotton textiles
D- Dhariwal	4. Woolen goods

a	A-4, B-2, C-3, D-1
b	A-3, B-1, C-2, D-4
c	A-4, B-1, C-2, D-3
d	A-3, B-1, C-4, D-2

342. Match the following:

A- Empire city	1. Rome
B- Eternal city	2. Jaipur
C- Pink city	3. Chicago
D- Windy city	4. New York

a	A-4, B-2, C-3, D-1
b	A-2, B-4, C-1, D-3
c	A-4, B-1, C-2, D-3
d	A-3, B-1, C-4, D-2

343. Match the following:

A- Land of the Mid night sun	1. Thailand
B- Land of rising sun	2. Norway
C- Land of the white elephants	3. Scotland
D- Land of cakes	4. Japan

a	A-4, B-2, C-3, D-1
b	A-2, B-4, C-1, D-3
c	A-2, B-1, C-4, D-3
d	A-3, B-1, C-4, D-2

344. Match the following:

A- Detroit	1. Coal
B- New Castle	2. Cotton
C- Zurich	3. Iron and steel
D- Nagasaki	4. Car Manufacturing

a	A-4, B-2, C-3, D-1
b	A-2, B-4, C-1, D-3
c	A-4, B-1, C-2, D-3
d	A-3, B-1, C-4, D-2

345. Match the following:

A- Rice	1. UP
B- Groundnut	2. West Bengal
C- Sugarcane	3. Karnataka
D- Coffee	4. Andhra Pradesh

a	A-4, B-2, C-3, D-1
b	A-2, B-4, C-1, D-3
c	A-4, B-1, C-2, D-3
d	A-3, B-1, C-4, D-2

346. Match the following:

A- Gold	1. Rajasthan
B- Diamond	2. Karnataka
C- Cobalt	3. MP
D- Mica	4. Jharkhand

a	A-4, B-2, C-3, D-1
b	A-2, B-4, C-1, D-3
c	A-4, B-1, C-2, D-3
d	A-2, B-3, C-1, D-4

347. Match the following:

A- Jaldapara Sanctuary	1. Alwar
B- Bandipur national Park	2. Jalpaiguri
C- Kaziranga National Park	3. Mysore
D- Sariska sanctuary	4. Jorhat

a	A-2, B-3, C-4, D-1
b	A-2, B-4, C-1, D-3
c	A-4, B-1, C-2, D-3
d	A-3, B-1, C-4, D-2

348. Match the following:

A- Talcher	1. karnataka
B- Shravati	2. Orissa
C- Dhuvaran	3. Delhi
D- Indraprastha	4. Gujrat

a	A-4, B-2, C-3, D-1
b	A-2, B-4, C-1, D-3
c	A-2, B-1, C-4, D-3
d	A-3, B-1, C-4, D-2

349. In which city will the 2010 Common wealth games be held

- a. New Delhi
- b. London
- c. London
- d. Montreal

350. Match the following:

A- Paradeep	1. Maharashtra
B- kandla	2. Orissa
C- Nhava Sheva	3. Tamil nadu
D- Tuti corn	4. Gujrat

a	A-4, B-2, C-3, D-1
b	A-2, B-4, C-1, D-3
c	A-2, B-1, C-4, D-3
d	A-3, B-1, C-4, D-2

First, Highest, Longest..

351. Who was the first Indian to receive a Nobel Prize

- a. C. V. Raman
- b. Rabindra Nath Tagore
- c. S Chandrasekhar
- d. Hargobind Khurana

352. Which was the first Indian Artificial satellite to be launched in space

- a. Apple
- b. INSAT 1 A
- c. Aryabhata
- d. DSLV-3

353. Who is the first woman to climb the Mount Everest twice

- a. Santosh yadav
- b. Bachendri Pal
- c. kalpana Chawla
- d. Anjali gupta

354. Match the following:

A- largest fresh water lake	1. Titica
B- Largest salt water lake	2. Lake Superior

C- Deepest lake	3. Baikal
D- Highest lake	4. Caspian sea

a	A-4, B-3, C-2, D-1
b	A-4, B-2, C-1, D-3
c	A-3, B-1, C-2, D-3
d	A-2, B-4, C-3, D-1

355. Match the following:

A- Smallest Planet	1. Mercury
B- Largest Planet	2. Pluto
C- Planet nearest to the sun	3. Jupiter
D- Planet farthest from the sun	4. Neptune

a	A-1, B-3, C-1, D-2
b	A-4, B-2, C-1, D-3
c	A-3, B-1, C-2, D-3
d	A-3, B-4, C-1, D-2

356. Which one of the following is the tallest building in the world

- Eiffel tower
- Taipei 101
- Petronas tower 1
- Sears tower

357. which Country is the first to send a human being on Moon

- Japan
- Russia
- France
- USA

358. Who is the first Indian cricketer to be awarded an honorary doctorate by a University

- Mohinder Amarnath
- Bishen Singh Bedi
- sunil Gawaskar
- Veenu mankad

359. Who is the richest Indian as per the forbes list of richest person in 2005

- a. Kumar Manglam Birla
- b. L. N. Mittal
- c. Mukesh Ambani
- d. Azim Premji

360. When did the first experimental TV transmission started in India

- a. 1959
- b. 1975
- c. 1981
- d. 1982-

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KEYS

1	b	31	b	61	b	91	b	121	b	241	b	271	a	301	a	331	c
2	c	32	d	62	c	92	c	122	c	242	a	272	c	302	d	332	d
3	d	33	d	63	d	93	c	123	d	243	d	273	b	303	b	333	b
4	d	34	c	64	a	94	d	124	c	244	c	274	d	304	d	334	b
5	a	35	b	65	c	95	a	125	c	245	d	275	c	305	c	335	c
6	b	36	a	66	a	96	d	126	a	246	c	276	a	306	a	336	b
7	d	37	c	67	c	97	c	127	b	247	a	277	c	307	d	337	d
8	a	38	d	68	a	98	a	128	a	248	c	278	a	308	c	338	b
9	c	39	c	69	d	99	d	129	a	249	a	279	c	309	a	339	b
10	a	40	a	70	d	100	a	130	c	250	d	280	b	310	c	340	a
11	b	41	b	71	c	101	b	131	c	251	a	281	a	311	a	341	a
12	c	42	c	72	a	102	c	132	a	252	c	282	c	312	d	342	c
13	d	43	a	73	a	103	a	133	d	253	d	283	b	313	c	343	b
14	d	44	d	74	b	104	d	134	d	254	b	284	d	314	b	344	c
15	a	45	b	75	c	105	b	135	b	255	b	285	b	315	c	345	b
16	b	46	c	76	d	106	c	136	a	256	d	286	d	316	d	346	d
17	d	47	a	77	b	107	b	137	c	257	a	287	b	317	b	347	a
18	a	48	b	78	a	108	a	138	c	258	b	288	c	318	c	348	c
19	c	49	d	79	d	109	c	139	a	259	d	289	a	319	a	349	a
20	a	50	b	80	a	110	d	140	d	260	b	290	d	320	b	350	b
21	b	51	b	81	b	111	a	141	b	261	d	291	d	321	a	351	b
22	c	52	c	82	d	112	c	142	c	262	b	292	b	322	c	352	c
23	a	53	a	83	a	113	d	143	a	263	c	293	c	323	d	353	a
24	a	54	d	84	b	114	a	144	d	264	c	294	c	324	a	354	d
25	b	55	b	85	d	115	b	145	b	265	a	295	a	325	d	355	a
26	c	56	a	86	a	116	d	146	c	266	d	296	d	326	a	356	b
27	d	57	d	87	b	117	a	147	b	267	b	297	c	327	c	357	d
28	a	58	b	88	d	118	c	148	d	268	a	298	a	328	d	358	c
29	a	59	d	89	a	119	d	149	a	269	a	299	c	329	b	359	b
30	b	60	b	90	c	120	a	150	c	270	c	300	d	330	c	360	a

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